कर्मचारी भविष्य निधि संगठन के कार्यकरण की समीक्षा

542. **श्री विश्वासराव रामराव पाटिल :** क्या श्रम मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या कर्मचारी भविष्य निधि संगठन के कार्यकरण की समीक्षा की जा रही है ; और

(ख) यदि हां, तो इसके कब तक पूरा किये जाने की संभावना है और इसके परिणामों को कब तक सार्वजनिक रूप से प्रकाशित किया जाएगा ?

श्रम मंत्रालय में उप मंत्री तथा संसदीय कार्य मंत्रालय में उप मंत्री (श्री राधाकृष्ण मालवीय) : (क) और (ख) कर्मचारी भविष्य निधि संगठन के कार्यकरण की समीक्षा एक सतत प्रक्रिया है। इस संगठन के केन्द्रीय न्यासी बोर्ड तथा मंत्रालय दोनों द्वारा किया जाता है। ये समीक्षाएं प्रशासनिक समीक्षाओं के रूप में होती हैं और न कि संगठन के बाहरी स्वरूप की। अतः ऐसी समीक्षाओं के प्रचार करने का प्रश्न नहीं उठता । फिर भी, कर्मचारी भविष्य निधि संगठन की वार्षिक रिपोर्ट को हर साल सभा पटल पर रखा जाता है ।

Installation of statue and naming of road after Sri Tangutu/ii-Prakashan Pantuy in Delhi

543. SHRI PRABHAKAR RAO KALVALA; Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal to instal a statue of Sri Tanguturi Prakasham Pantuly, a freedom fighter from Andhra Pradesh in Delhi;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) whether there is also any proposal to name a road after Sri Tanguturi Prakasham Pantuly, (Andhra Kesari); and

(d) if so, the details thereof:

THE MINISTER OF STATE TN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRl DALBIR SINGH): (a) and (b) A decision in principle has been taken to instal the statue of Sri Tanguturi Prakashan Pantuly at New Delhi. The Prakasham Institute of Development Studies, Hyderabad, will hear the cost of the statue and its installation.

(c) There is no such proposal at p:Ssent. .. ,,

(d) Does not arise.

Shortage of drinking water to towns, Cities of Andhra Pradesh

544. SHRI PRABHAKAR RAO KALVALA: Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to stale:

(a) ihe names of cities and towns of Andhra Pradesh where there is an acute shortage of drinking water:

(b) the details of the steps taken by the Central Government to meet the shortage of drinking water in Andhra Pradesh: and

(c) by when the Central Government propose to ensure the required supply •' drinking water to the affected cities I towns of Andhra Pradesh?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRl DALBIR SINGH): fa) The Governmeut of Andhra Pradesh has reported that there js no acute shortage of drinking water supply in urban areas.

(b) and (c) Since water supply is a State subject, it is for the State Government and loca] bodies to plan, implemen, operate and maintain drinking water supply schemes by making adequate provision under the State Sector. Ther'; is no Central Assistance for urban water supply schemes at present.

Shortage of Drinking Water in Villages of Andhra Pradesh

545. SHRI PRABHAKAR RAO KALVALA; Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) the number of the villages in Andhra Pradesh where there is an acute shortage of drinking water;

(b) the details of the steps taken by the Central Government to meet the shortage of drinking water in Andhra Prsdesh; and

(c) by when the Central Government propose to ensure the required supply of drinking water to the affected villages of Andhra Pradesh?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF RORAL DEVELOPMENT IN THE MINISTRY CF AGRICULTURE (SHRI JANARDHAN POOJARY); (a) As on 1-4-1989, ali problem villages in Andhra Pradesh have been covered fully or partially with safe drinking water facilities.

(b) The Central Government is giving 'grants-in-aid to the State Government under the Centrally Sponsored Accelerated Rural Water Supply Programme (ARWSP) for supply of safe drinking water in rural areas. The Central assistance provided to Andhra Pradesh during VII Plan as under:

	Release under ARWSP (Rs. in crores)
1985-86 .	15.81
1986-87 .	17-60
1987-88 .	24-93
1988-89 .	26.04
1989 90 .	23.01 (Rs. 11.51 crores (Allocation released)

Under the National Drinking Water Mispion, three districts namely, Kurnool, East Godavari and Mehboobnagar have been taken up as Min; Mission Project areas for pilot studies. Funds amounting to Rs. 2.06 crores, Rs. 85 lakhs and Rs. 85 lakhs have already been released to these districts respectively.

In addition, funds amounting to Rs. 109 lakhs have also been released to the State Government for taking up schemes for water harvesting structures in various districts. Rs. 25 lakhs was released in 1988-89 for conversion of step wells into sanitary welts under the submission on eradicate n of guinea-WOrrn.

I Assistance of Rs. 2.62 lakhs was also released as first instalment of funds for setting up three district level laboratories in Kurnool, East Godavari and Mehboob nagar for water quality monitoring.

The Centra! Government is also assisting the State Government for setting up 18 desalination plants and 30 defluridation plants.

(c) Partially covered problem villages in the State are likely to be provided with additional sources of safe drinking water supply within the constraint of Plan resources by March, 1990. Augmentation works in the remaining villages will be continued in the Eighth Plan.

दिल्ली में नेत्रहीन व्यक्तियों की संख्या

346. श्री सत्य प्रकाश मालवीय : क्या कल्याण मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) दिल्ली में इस समय नेत्रहीन व्यक्तियों की संख्या कितनी है ;

(ख) ऐसे व्यक्तियों को रोजगार और आजीविका दिलाये जाने से संबंधित सरकार की योजनाओं/स्कीमों का ब्यौरा क्या है ; और

(ग) इनमें कितने नेत्रहीन व्यक्ति 18-35 वर्ष के बीच के आयु वर्ग में हैं ?

कल्याण मन्त्रालय में उप मंत्री (श्रीमती सुमति ओरांव) : (क) से (ग) 1981 के राष्ट्रीय नमूना सर्वेक्षण के अनुसार दिल्ली में दृष्टि बाधितार्थों की प्रचलन दर ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में प्रति 1,00,000 जनसंख्या पर 419 थी शहरी क्षेत्रों में प्रति 1,00,000 जनसंख्या पर 173 थी।

केन्द्रीय सरकार के समूह "ग" तथा "घ" पदों तथा केन्द्रीय सार्वजनिक उपक्रमों के तुलनात्मक पदों में 3% रिक्तियां विकलांगों–नेत्रहीनों, बधिरों तथा अस्थि विकलांगों प्रत्येक के लिए एक प्रतिशत के लिए आरक्षित की गई है।